

Potosi Journal.

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JANUARY, 1902.

| SUN. | MON. | TUES. | WED. | THUR. | FRI. | SAT. |
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While there is so much danger in moistening the flap of an envelope with the tongue it might be well to consider the propriety of going back to the old way of tying letters with twine.

The president of the coming St. Louis exposition denies with some warmth a rumor that the date of opening it will be postponed, and says: "There is not the slightest doubt that the buildings will be completed and the exhibits in place by April 30, 1903, the day set for the opening of the fair by congress."

In an informal and entertaining resume of the business of his office last year the commissioner of immigration for New York dwells upon a few points of national interest. Immigration has grown rapidly since 1897. In that year the number of immigrants was 175,565; in 1898 it rose to 246,554; in 1899 it reached 345,706; in 1900 it was 403,716. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, at the present rate, the arrivals will exceed 500,000.

It is announced that Chief Geronimo and 298 Apache Indians who have been held as prisoners of war 12 years are to be released and allotted land by the government. The Apaches were formerly considered the most troublesome of the Indians, but have been civilized, and the least susceptible of civilization. Their reform has been slow, but if they are ready to settle down on allotments of land they have undergone a great change.

The New York stock exchange record for 1901 was more than 247,000,000 shares, as against the "phenomenal" total in 1900 of 137,000,000. The bank clearings of the 86 large cities of the United States amounted to \$18,000,000,000, a gain of about 38 per cent. over the preceding year. As stock transactions and bank clearings are both an unflinching chronometer of business conditions, the year that has just closed was the high water mark of national prosperity.

The first presidential election in Cuba was a truly Cuban affair. The nationalist party, under the leadership of Gen. Gomez, voted for Tomas de Maso, and did not vote at all. Palma and Gomez represented the Cubans in favor of accepting the Platt amendment in good faith and of establishing in Cuba a constitutional government under the protection of the United States.

The first year of the twentieth century will have a prominent place in history. Looking back over the twelve months now ended one cannot fail to be impressed by the epoch-making character of some of its happenings, by its crowding, competitive activities and by its marvelous expansion of all human enterprise along world-wide lines of development. No year in previous history has found the manifold factors and forces of civilization so actively and intimately associated in affairs of common interest.

When the new rules applying to the collection of duties upon personal baggage brought into this country went into effect last March they were roundly denounced as tyrannical and absurd. Yet their wisdom, as well as their necessity, has already been shown. Since March the receipts from this source have amounted to \$863,000, while for the same period during the previous year the collection on personal baggage was only \$221,000. The difference indicates to what extent the traveling public has engaged in smuggling.

The new scheme of the Pennsylvania railroad to run a tunnel under Manhattan island from the Jersey shore to Long Island contemplates the greatest underground railway in the world, while its construction will involve engineering problems never before undertaken on a similar scale. The plans provide for a tunnel from Jersey City under the North river, under Manhattan island, under the East river to Brooklyn. It will be a double tunnel with a single track in each tube, and, when finished, will cost about \$40,000,000.

The Philadelphia mint is fashioning thousands of medals to be given to those whose services in the navy during the Spanish-American war were especially noteworthy, and as these tokens of a nation's appreciation mark what was a new era in American history the whole country is interested. The man behind the gun, the man before the mast and the man in the stock-holders are all to be honored, and everyone who served on a ship in battle will receive a medal. If the man served in more than one engagement there will be added a bar for each.

An interesting official statement is that of the director of the United States mint showing the amount of money in use throughout the world. The report covering these statistics up to January 1, 1901, shows the stock of cash possessed by the nations at that date was \$11,781,300,000. This is an increase of about \$100,000,000 over the beginning of 1900. The stock of money embodied gold to the amount of \$4,563,700,000; silver, \$3,841,100,000, and uncovered paper, \$3,376,500,000. The latter represents the excess of note issues above the coin held for their redemption.

A WEEK'S HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

The United States senate in executive session on the 9th confirmed the nomination of L. M. Shaw to be secretary of the treasury, and of Henry C. Payne to be postmaster general. The committee on census agreed to recommend the passage of a bill to create a permanent census bureau. Adjourned to the 13th. In the house the Nicaragua canal bill was passed by a vote of 208 to 2, every effort to introduce the Panama canal as a feature being defeated. The coinage committee agreed upon a bill to maintain silver at a parity with gold.

The United States senate was not in session on the 10th. In the house bills were introduced providing a salary of \$25,000 a year for ex-presidents of the United States, and to establish pneumatic tube mail service in the large cities. A bill was passed to give the widow of the late President McKinley the franking privilege during the remainder of her life. After debate the bill providing for a permanent census bureau was committed to the census committee. The pension appropriation bill was reported. It carries \$139,842,230. Adjourned to the 13th.

FROM WASHINGTON.

In congress there is a growing sentiment to adopt some plan to relieve the president from the importunities of office-seekers.

President Roosevelt dined diplomatically in the state east room of the white house, never before used for a banquet.

President Roosevelt has signed the parcels post agreement arranged between the United States and Bolivia. In Washington developments lead to the belief that the Panama canal will be purchased from France for \$40,000,000.

At the request of Gov. Shaw Secretary Gage will retain the treasury portfolio till February 1.

On February 27 a memorial meeting in honor of President McKinley will be held in the hall of the house of representatives.

It is shown by a canvass among members of both houses of congress that there will be practically no organized opposition to tariff reduction on Cuban sugar and tobacco.

THE EAST.

In the United States there were 573 suicides in the seven days ended on the 10th, against 570 the week previous and 524 the corresponding period of last year.

While skating at Osceola, Pa., Martin O'Hara, aged 18, and his sister Mary, aged 15, were drowned.

In Buffalo, N. Y., Henry Pearlstein and his wife and five children were burned to death.

At her home near Finchville, N. Y., Mrs. D. B. Stamp celebrated her one hundred and eighth birthday.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew and wife arrived in New York from Europe.

Crocker has resigned as the leader of Tammany and Lewis Nixon, the man who designed the Oregon, has been named as his successor.

To hasten work on wireless telegraphy stations connecting with America Marconi will go to England.

WEST AND SOUTH.

At the age of 100 years Jacob Eslinger died at his home in Carlisle, Ind.

In Chicago Alexander Dowie and two of his elders have been sued for \$50,000 damages for alienating the affections of B. F. Williams' wife.

The doors of the Euclid Trust and Savings company at Cleveland, with deposits of nearly \$1,500,000, have been closed. Officers assert that creditors will be paid in full.

It is announced that "Long" Jones, of Milwaukee, maker of two United States senators and successful as a republican leader in Illinois and Wisconsin, has retired from politics.

In a quarrel over money Edward Cheney, of Galesburg, Ill., seriously wounded his wife and her sister and then killed himself.

The visit of Admiral Schley to Gen. Gordon, of Savannah, Ga., was made the occasion of a great display of enthusiasm by the whole city.

To consider the tax commissioner's report the Minnesota legislature will meet in extra session about February 18.

Near Springfield, Ky., Jim Mays, a negro who attempted a criminal assault upon a little white girl, was hanged by a mob.

Lillian Nordica, the famous singer, was slightly injured in a train wreck near Reeves, Ga.

In Seattle a man who committed suicide confessed a murder for which another is serving sentence.

The St. Louis labor unions have declared a boycott on the Louisiana Purchase exposition because the officials are not friendly to unions.

In Chicago fire destroyed the American Malt company's elevator, the loss being over \$250,000.

At Savannah, Ga., Admiral Schley was given an enthusiastic reception. At a mass meeting in Chicago four sympathizers petitioned President Roosevelt to prevent shipment of horses and mules to South Africa.

In Eureka, Cal., J. H. G. Saffell, a restaurant keeper, killed his wife in the presence of his seven young children and then ended his own life. Governors of New Mexico and Washington have set aside January 19 as McKinley day.

Carnegie has offered Columbus, O., \$100,000 for library purposes, and Lansing, Mich., \$35,000. The doors of the Peoples' bank at Painesville, O., were closed with liabilities of \$173,000.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

If the Pan-American congress tries to adopt compulsory arbitration Chili has threatened to sever diplomatic relations with Mexico. The Paraguayan revolutionists have deposed President Aceval and elected Hector Carvallo in his stead.

A telegram received in London forecasts the early liberation of Miss Stone.

The British high commissioner, Lord Milner, in a speech at Johannesburg declared that the Boer war must be fought to a finish.

In the New York trial at Havana a witness told how the accused postal official had formed a scheme to control the revenues of Cuba, which was spoiled by his arrest.

The income tax returns show Herr Krupp to be the richest man in Germany.

It is said that the next world's Sun day school convention will probably be held in Jerusalem.

In outlining the needs of the island President-elect Palma, of Cuba, declared it must have the help of the United States.

The military authorities in the Philippines say homesickness is responsible for the breaking down of many American soldiers.

Great Britain stands by Chamberlain in his refusal to apologize to Germany for his speech which caused offense there.

LATER NEWS.

In the senate, on the 13th, Mr. Nelson (Minn.) called up the bill providing for the establishment of a department of commerce and urged its immediate passage. He was pitted with questions by senators who objected that time enough for looking into the merits of the measure had not been given. The bill finally went over. The senate spent half an hour in executive session and adjourned.

In the house the day was spent in a general discussion of the pension appropriation bill, the first of the annual budgets to be presented. Messrs. Grosvenor and Hepburn defended their course in the last congress in opposing the veteran "preference" bill, and Mr. Kixey (Va.) advanced a proposition to extend aid to state confederate homes and to open national soldiers' homes to ex-confederates.

The London grand jury, on the 13th, found a true bill against Dr. Krause, the former governor of Johannesburg, Transvaal, on the charge of inciting Cornelius Broekman, the ex-public prosecutor of Johannesburg (who was executed September 20, last) to murder John Douglas Foster, an English lawyer, who was attached to Lord Roberts's staff.

The Cherokee, Choctaw and Chickasaw nations have, by their councils, passed resolutions asking congress to do away with tribal government and asking that territorial government be instituted instead. They say that two governments can not well exist at the same time.

Secretary Hay and Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, on the 13th, signed a protocol extending for one year the time allowed British colonies to adhere to the treaty entered into between the United States and Great Britain defining the rights of their subjects.

Christopher Zug, a pioneer iron and steel manufacturer of western Pennsylvania, died at his home in Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 13th, of general debility, incident to old age. Mr. Zug was 95 years old. He was a director in numerous financial and philanthropic institutions.

United States Minister Wilson at Santiago, Chile, cabled the secretary of state, on the 13th, that the government of Chile had adopted the extradition treaty submitted by the government of the United States.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

The appropriation for the care of Grant's tomb for 1902 is \$5,000. The average monthly salaries of men teachers in Illinois is \$61.69, and of women \$53.51.

The National Congress of Mothers will hold its sixth annual reunion in Washington February 25-28.

Defects in 16 torpedo boat destroyers in the United States navy will necessitate overhauling the fleet.

Government losses through false invoices in the custom service at New York are said to amount to \$1,530,000 a year.

President Havemeyer, of the sugar trust, in his annual report, said the duty on raw sugar amounts to \$55,000,000 a year.

The Baltimore & Ohio road will spend \$50,000,000 on improvements, mostly on the line between Pittsburgh and Chicago.

The Standard Oil company and its rivals are sending out fleets under sealed orders in the battle for the world's markets.

A statement issued by the United States Steel corporation shows profits of \$80,000,000 for the nine months since its organization.

German exports to the United States in 1901 were \$99,516,731, a decrease of \$3,567,922, due entirely to reduced sugar exports.

Sir Robert Ball, the English scientist, in a lecture at Columbia university in New York, predicted another glacial period, to continue for thousands of years.

Daughters of the Confederacy at Lexington, Ky., have petitioned the manager of an opera house to forbid further presentations of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

John Longking, aged 96 years, died at his home in Yonkers, N. Y. He was connected with the Methodist Book concern for 50 years and wrote many books on Methodism.

The American Stove company, consisting of a combination of pine, birch and maple, has been formed for the purpose of controlling the market.

John D. Rockefeller has offered Brown university \$75,000 for a social and religious building, on condition that the college raise \$25,000 for an endowment fund by the June commencement.

FROM LAKES TO THE GULF.

Project Giving a National Aspect to the Big Chicago Drainage Canal.

A LINK BETWEEN LAKES AND THE GULF.

The Government to Be Asked to Provide Funds For the Construction of Turning Basins in the Chicago River to Facilitate General Navigation.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The project of giving a national aspect to the Chicago drainage canal, making it a link in water connection between the great lakes and the gulf, was considered by the house committee on rivers and harbors. Two delegations from Chicago were present, one including the officers of the sanitary district interested in this larger project and another headed by former Representative Adams, of Chicago, who appeared in advocacy of improved navigation facilities, including turning basins in the Chicago river. The latter project was first presented by Mr. Adams, who explained the vast magnitude of the commerce on the river and the difficulties and dangers incident to navigation at this time. The city is making extensive improvements, widening the channel, erecting the most modern bridges, etc., costing in the aggregate about \$11,000,000. All of this benefited the general navigation interests and it was desired that the federal government supplement the work by providing turning basins to cost about \$200,000.

W. H. Baker, chairman of the committee representing the canal trustees, stated the general purposes of the project of extending that waterway to the Mississippi and thence giving a deep water channel to St. Louis. For the present, the committee asked only a government survey to develop the feasibility and advantages of the plan, this survey to cost \$200,000. Mr. Baker did not go into the general merits of the project, saying that the arguments were the same as those so fully presented last year.

Chairman Burton stated in this connection that the members of the committee possibly examined the project last summer and were familiar with its general features.

Mr. Reeves, of Illinois, also stated that the members of the committee were possibly familiar with the situation and this obligated the necessity of a long hearing. At a later day the committee will pass upon the two items proposed.

THE BATTLESHIP ILLINOIS.

The Big Ship Has Successfully Demonstrated the Possibilities of the New Floating Dock.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The big battleship Illinois has just come out of the floating drydock at the New Orleans naval station, having successfully demonstrated the possibilities of that structure. The department has been obliged to change its plans in respect to the vessel's movements. It will be necessary to omit the call at Pensacola, which had been promised to the Florida people, and, instead, the ship, after touching at Havana for coal, will proceed directly north to Newport News. Under the terms of the contract of the builders the two day's sea trial must be had soon, and the ship must be thoroughly inspected by the board to make sure that the contractors do not escape any proper liability for deterioration. It is expected that the Illinois will be one of the American warships present at the coronation ceremonies in England.

SETTLED WITH MISS KNIGHT.

The Duke of Manchester Settles Miss Portia Knight's Branch of Promise Suit.

London, Jan. 14.—The branch of promise suit brought by Miss Portia Knight, the American actress against the duke of Manchester, has, after all, been settled out of court, the duke paying Miss Knight £10,000, and defraying the costs of the legal proceedings. An agreement was reached Saturday and the final papers will be signed Wednesday next, when the money will be paid.

The Hurst Brothers, Pedestrians.

New York, Jan. 14.—Len Hurst, of Edmonston, the champion long-distance runner of England, and his brother Joe, have entered the coming six-day pedestrian match which will take place at Madison square garden next month. Len Hurst holds the world's record for 24 hours, 160 miles, beating Charley Rowell's famous run made in Madison square garden on November 1, 1880, by over three miles.

Naval Surgeon's Suicide.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 14.—Assistant Surgeon J. B. Buchanan, U. S. N., committed suicide at the naval training station Sunday. During a fit of delirium, incident to typhoid fever, he got hold of a razor and cut his throat, dying shortly after.

Acquitted of Murder Charge.

Clinton, Ill., Jan. 14.—Warren C. Brewer and Clay Conder, Kentuckians, charged with the murder of Ed Taylor, of DeWitt, on July 20 last, were declared not guilty by the jury at their trial here.

Peach Trees Injured.

Carlyle, Ill., Jan. 14.—The peach growers in this vicinity have made an examination of the trees in their orchards since the recent cold weather. They report that the trees have been so badly damaged that there will not be one-sixth of a crop.

Death of Bakinahwaum.

White Earth, Minn., Jan. 14.—Bakinahwaum, a well-known Chippewa among the White Earth Indians and one of the few remaining early-day warriors, is dead, aged 70 years.

NEWS FROM MISSOURI.

A city rock pile is expected to aid in abating the tramp nuisance at Nevada.

After four years' darkness Butler is again illuminated with electric lights owned by the city.

A club composed of Sedalia hunters contributed 1,000 pounds of rabbits to the local President association.

Hannibal has received a rebate from the county court of Marion county, in payment for the amount of money spent last year in caring for the poor.

Truman Evans, a star route mail carrier, was arrested at Competition, 25 miles south of Lebanon, on the charge of burglarizing the residence of Frank Welch.

At the recent christening of the battleship Missouri at Newport News, Lieut. Gov. Lee in his speech paid a glowing tribute to Miss Marion Cockrell, the sponsor.

An eastern expert has begun boring for oil at Hannibal. The drill has started in the presence of 200 representative citizens of Hannibal. A 16-inch well is being bored.

Miss Leona Phillips, who teaches a district school eight miles west of Linnecreek, was waylaid by a lone highwayman while returning from the treasurer's office at Linnecreek and robbed of \$25, her month's salary.

Jesse Wilkinson, a Sedalia youth, fell from the porch of his home and fractured the bones of his right leg. This is the twenty-seventh time young Wilkinson has broken one of his limbs. His bones are as brittle as glass and the slightest tumble is almost certain to result in broken bones.

Miss Jennie Perkins, of Hannibal, and James Williams, of Texarkana, Ark., were married at Hannibal. The ceremony had been announced to take place two weeks later, but to gratify the desire of Mrs. Perkins, who was fatally ill, Mr. Williams was called hurriedly to Hannibal and the ceremony performed at Mrs. Perkins' bedside. She died a few hours later.

The state board of health decided that the recent universal spread of smallpox and kindred diseases over the state has made the appointment of a state pathologist and bacteriologist necessary. Such an official's duty will be to investigate germs and their responsibility for disease and to assist the board in taking action to prevent the spread of contagion in every form.

Through the efforts of Prof. W. H. Lynch the next session of the state university summer school will be held at Mountain Grove, during August.

The school is a branch of the state university and is a preparatory school for teachers. At the recent state teachers' meeting in Kansas City Wright county was voted the banner for having the largest attendance.

Congressman Cowherd has introduced a bill in the house authorizing the Kansas City, Parkville & St. Joseph Electric Railway company to construct a bridge over the Missouri river at a point just north of the limits of Kansas City.

The company is extending its lines to connect Kansas City and St. Joseph by trolley. The bill provides for the construction of a bridge that will accommodate wagon traffic and which shall be free to the public.

There is almost a panic among owners of mules in the vicinity of Sweeney, Cooper county, because of the fatalities among those animals resulting from the attacks of a disease which is locally believed to be diphtheria. One farmer has lost 11 head. The animals are stricken suddenly, and within 12 or 15 hours die from strangulation. There is much disagreement among the veterinarians who have been called into consultation.

A society has been organized at Rushville whose purpose is to raise money with which to erect a Christian church in 2001, 100 years hence. The organization will contribute \$5 a year towards the fund for the benefit of future generations. The people do not feel able to erect a church building and pay cash for it, and refuse to go into debt and have a mortgage hanging endlessly over their heads. They feel a sense of obligation in the matter, however, and have started a fund for a church for their children's children.

James E. Harris, who was buried at Sikeston, Scott county, last week, made full preparation for his last resting place before his death. His coffin was a heavy one, requiring 16 men to lower it into the grave. A mattress and springs were placed under him in the coffin. Before his death he ordered that a guard should be placed at his grave and a strict watch maintained for three days and three nights. He demanded that a pump pipe be placed in the grave, with a bell attached on top and a rope drawn through the pipe and placed in his hand, so that if he should recover he could ring the bell and attract the attention of the guard.

Livingston county patrons of the free rural delivery service will present new mail wagons to eight of the carriers.

Mr. Susan Humphrey is dead at Chillicothe in her ninety-ninth year. With her late deceased husband she came to Chillicothe in 1850.

It is stated that for the first time in 50 years farmers in southwest Missouri will be obliged to buy seed corn for next spring's planting.

Cole county is to have a free rural mail delivery from Jefferson City beginning April 1. The route will cover 21 miles.

At Waco, Jasper county, occurred two "kid" weddings in one day. A 17-year-old boy named Fairman was married to Jane Beitel, aged 13, and John Baird, aged 16, led to the altar Daisy Beitel, aged 15.

A curfew law in effect at Poplar Bluff requires that boys and girls under 18 must be off the streets at nine o'clock every night.

The Missouri Federation of Labor, in session at St. Joseph, adopted resolutions for the initiative and referendum at elections and the enactment of the same convict labor law as in effect in New York.

AFFAIRS IN PORTO RICO.

The Work of Preparing a Code of Laws to Supplant the Spanish Laws Progressing.

LEGISLATURE DILIGENTLY AT WORK.

The Present Feeling of Buoyancy in the Island Marked Contrast With the Depression of Two Years Ago—United Support of the Administration.

New York, Jan. 14.—L. S. Rowe, chairman of the law revision commission of Porto Rico, arrived from San Juan on the steamship Ponce. The codes prepared by this commission are being made the main subject of discussion at the session of the legislative assembly of Porto Rico, which opened on the first of January. In speaking of the work of the session Mr. Rowe said:

"The attitude of the legislative assembly towards the codes submitted by the commission demonstrates the widespread desire to secure, as soon as possible, the full benefit of American institutions. The former act continued in force all the Spanish laws until amended or repealed by the local legislative assembly. This work of amendment has been taken up with great earnestness. The codes which the legislative assembly is now considering will bring the legal system of Porto Rico into close harmony with the general principles of law prevailing in the states and territories of the union, it is said, and will, to that extent, encourage the influx of American capital to the island."

"The feeling of buoyancy which now prevails throughout Porto Rico stands in marked contrast with the depression of two years ago. The improvement of the credit of the municipalities, as shown by the San Juan loan, will enable the cities and towns to undertake much needed improvements in drainage, water supply and sanitation. A final element of strength is added to the situation by the fact that both political parties have come to the support of the administration. At the banquet recently tendered Gov. Hunt, the leaders of both parties pledged their united efforts for the advancement of the common interests of the island."

TEN MILLION YEN STOLEN.

Corran Government Officials to Lose Their Heads for Stenling Public Money.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 14.—Mail advices from Seoul, Korea, via Yokohama, are to the effect that checking of the government receipts from taxes and internal revenue reveals the astonishing fact that not less than 10,000,000 yen have been embezzled by government officials during the last six years.

Ye Yok, minister of finance, advised the emperor to pass sentence of death on all officers who embezzled over 2,000 yen. The emperor's sanction was given over three weeks ago, and wholesale executions will soon take place. Eighty officials are implicated, many of whom have already been arrested.

Among those condemned is Cho Pyng Jik, premier. The officials under arrest claim that the money taken by them was in payment for salaries or expenses incurred in collecting.

TO PROTECT ALIENS.

Severe Penalties for Lynching or Conspiring to Lynch Foreigners in America.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, introduced a bill yesterday for the punishment of persons taking part in the lynching of an alien. Those who conspire in such a lynching are made subject to death or life imprisonment, while a meeting to organize such lynching of an alien. Those who conspire in such a lynching are made subject to death or life imprisonment, while a meeting to organize such lynching of an alien. Those who conspire in such a lynching are made subject to death or life imprisonment, while a meeting to organize such lynching of an alien.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Gov. Yates has issued a requisition for the extradition of Edmond Palmer, of Chicago, who is charged with larceny by converting to his own use a draft of \$5,000, the property of John W. Speer, the property of John W. Speer, the property of John W. Speer.

Palmer is under arrest in Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mrs. Bland as Hostess.

St. Louis, Jan. 14.—Mrs. Virginia Bland, widow of the late Hon. Richard B. Bland, of Missouri, for 24 years one of the democratic leaders in congress, has accepted the position as hostess in the Louisiana Purchase exposition building at the Charleston exposition.

Rev. John Healy Haywood Dead.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 14.—Rev. John Healy Haywood, aged 85, one of the best-known preachers in the Unitarian church in the country, died Monday.

Quiet at Tongue River Reservation.

Washington, Jan. 14.—A dispatch received at the Indian bureau from the Tongue River agency in Idaho, where troops have been sent to quell the excitement of the Indians, announces that everything is quiet at the reservation.

Hepburn Canal Bill in Senate.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The Hepburn Nicaragua canal bill was received by the senate from the house, yesterday, and referred to the committee on inter-oceanic canals.

THREE CHICAGO DOCTORS

Failed to Do for Miss Mabelle L. LaMonte What Was Accomplished by